Absolute Value Equations

SWBAT solve absolute value equations in one variable.

Assignments

HW13

Absolute Value

Absolute Value

The distance a number is from 0

-9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

|14|
|-200|

▶ |-38|

- Can an absolute value ever be 0?
- Can an absolute value ever be negative?

Absolute Value Equations

|x| = 9

▶ |*y*| = 300

1. |x| = 6082. |x| = 203. |x| = -344. |x| = 75. |x| = -2

Absolute Value Equations

|n - 5| = 14

|3x+2| = 10

- 1. |x + 8| = 372. |4x + 1| = 17
- 3. |-x-1| = 20
- 4. $\left|\frac{x}{3} + 2\right| = 0$
- 5. $\left|\frac{v+9}{2}\right| = 15$
- 6. |3x + 4| = 17
- |x 4| = -19
- 8. |-x| = 15

Absolute Value: Summary and Notes

- |____| = (+): 2 solutions
- ▶ |____| = 0: 1 solution
- | |____| = (-): No solutions
- The number of solutions is the same as the number of equations that are written

- Adding/Subtracting inside the absolute value results in solutions that are completely different numbers
- What is inside the absolute value never changes
- Absolute value counts as "parentheses" in SADMEP